

SUMMONS IN A CIVIL ACTION COURT OF COMMON PLEAS, CUYAHOGA COUNTY JUSTICE CENTER
CLEVELAND, OHIO 44113

CASE NO.
CV15855355

D2 FX

SUMMONS NO.
27753516

Rule 4 (B) Ohio

Rules of Civil
Procedure

SUMMONS

DEMARKOS SIMMONS
VS
CITY OF CLEVELAND, DIVISION OF
POLICE, ET AL.

PLAINTIFF

DEFENDANT

CITY OF CLEVELAND
C/O BARBARA A. LANGHENRY, LAW
DIRECTOR
601 LAKESIDE AVE.,
ROOM 106
CLEVELAND OH 44114

You have been named defendant in a complaint (copy attached hereto) filed in Cuyahoga County Court of Common Pleas, Cuyahoga County Justice Center, Cleveland, Ohio 44113, by the plaintiff named herein.

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint within 28 days after service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of service.

Said answer is required to be served on:



Plaintiff's Attorney

WILLIAM P. SMITH
29325 CHAGRIN BLVD.

SUITE 305
PEPPER PIKE, OH 44122-0000

Said answer is required to be served on Plaintiff's Attorney (Address denoted by arrow at left.)

Your answer must also be filed with the court within 3 days after service of said answer on plaintiff's attorney.

If you fail to do so, judgment by default will be rendered against you for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Case has been assigned to Judge:

PETER J CORRIGAN
Do not contact judge. Judge's name is given for attorney's reference only.

NAILAH K. BYRD
Clerk of the Court of Common Pleas



DATE
Dec 9, 2015

By _____
Deputy

COMPLAINT FILED 12/08/2015

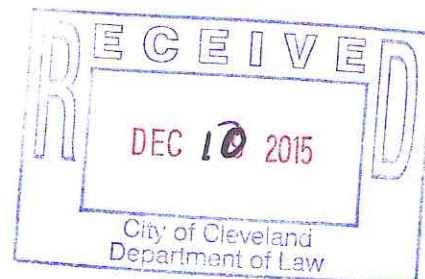


Exhibit A

ORIGIN ID: BKLA (216) 443-7950
CCOC

1200 ONTARIO
CLEVELAND, OH 44113
UNITED STATES US

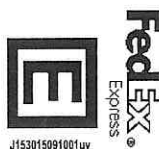
SHIP DATE: 09DEC15
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CAD: 106501655/WSX12900
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TO CITY OF CLEVELAND

C/O BARBARA A. LANGHENRY, LAW DIRE
601 LAKESIDE AVE.,
ROOM 106
CLEVELAND OH 44114

(216) 443-7950 REF: CV1585335
INV: 2753516 DEPT:

539J1/1308/31D0



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NAILAH K. BYRD
CUYAHOGA COUNTY CLERK OF COURTS
1200 Ontario Street
Cleveland, Ohio 44113

Court of Common Pleas

New Case Electronically Filed:
December 8, 2015 22:26

By: WILLIAM P. SMITH 0084596

Confirmation Nbr. 614269

DEMARKOS SIMMONS

CV 15 855355

vs.

Judge:

CITY OF CLEVELAND, DIVISION OF POLICE, ET AL.

PETER J. CORRIGAN

Pages Filed: 11

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS
CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO

DEMARKOS SIMMONS
17803 Parkmount Avenue
Cleveland, Ohio 44135

Plaintiff,

-vs-

CITY OF CLEVELAND, DIVISION OF
POLICE, c/o Calvin Williams, Chief
1300 Ontario Street
Cleveland, Ohio 44113

and

THE CITY OF CLEVELAND
c/o Barbara A. Langhenry, Law Director
601 Lakeside Ave., Room 106
Cleveland, Ohio 44114

and

BRIAN CHARNEY, Badge #1700,
Individually and in his capacity as an
employee and/or apparent employee and/or
agent of the City of Cleveland.
c/o City of Cleveland, Division of Police,
Calvin Williams, Chief
1300 Ontario Street
Cleveland, Ohio 44113

and

JOHN LALLY, Badge #886,
Individually and in his Capacity as an

) CASE NO.

) JUDGE:

) COMPLAINT

) (Jury Demand Endorsed Hereon)

) Violations of 42 U.S.C. § 1983

employee and/or apparent employee)
and/or agent of the City of Cleveland)
of Cleveland)
c/o City of Cleveland, Division of Police,)
Calvin Williams, Chief)
1300 Ontario Street)
Cleveland, Ohio 44113)
)
and)
)
DAVID SHAPIRO, Badge #879,)
Individually and in his capacity as an)
employee and/or apparent employee and/or)
agent of the City of Cleveland)
c/o City of Cleveland, Division of Police,)
Calvin Williams, Chief)
1300 Ontario Street)
Cleveland, Ohio 44113)
)
and)
)
JOHN DOE AND OR JANE DOE (1 – 10))
Any police officer and/or employee of the)
City of Cleveland responsible for the)
injuries to Demarkos Simmons)
(Names and addresses unknown))
)
Defendants.)

Now comes Plaintiff, Damarkos Simmons, and for his Complaint against Defendants,
states as follows:

PARTIES, JURISDICTION AND VENUE

1. At all times pertinent hereto, Plaintiff Simmons was a residents of Cuyahoga County, Ohio.
2. Venue of this action is proper in Cuyahoga County pursuant to Civil Rule 3 because the claim for relief arose within the county.

3. Concurrent jurisdiction over claims arising from Defendants' violation of the civil rights of Plaintiff is conferred upon this Court by 42 U.S.C. §§ 1983, et seq.

4. Concurrent jurisdiction over the state law claims is conferred upon this Court and the federal courts by 28 U.S.C. §1367.

5. At all relevant times Defendants Jane Doe and or John Doe (1 – 10) were police officers and/or other employees of the City of Cleveland who held themselves out to the general public as being police officers and/or employees of the City of Cleveland. It is further believed that Defendants Jane Doe and or John Doe (1 – 10) were employees and/or apparent employees of the City of Cleveland. Despite the exercise of due diligence the Plaintiff has been unable to ascertain the true identity of these Defendants.

FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS

6. On or about December 9, 2013, Plaintiff Simmons was driving in a vehicle that was lent to him, and to which he was given him the key, in order to drive to the store. Plaintiff Simmons was unaware that the vehicle, that he had been given a key to and permission to use was, in fact, reported as stolen. Plaintiff was pulled over by Defendant Charney who had run the vehicles license plate which came back as having been reported stolen. Defendant Charney initiated a traffic stop and Plaintiff Simmons entered a driveway in compliance with the Defendant Charney's commands. Plaintiff Simmons became extremely anxious when Defendant Chaney approached the vehicle with a taser drawn and ordered him to turn the vehicle off. Plaintiff Simmons panicked and threw the vehicle into reverse and attempted to flee the scene. Plaintiff Simmons was unaware of the presence of Defendants Lally and Shapiro who had

arrived on the scene during the stop. As Plaintiff Simmons drove away from the scene, according to police reports, Defendant Lally fired four shots at Plaintiff Simmons in the moving vehicle. Plaintiff was later transported to Metrohealth Medical Center for treatment of a gunshot wound to in his upper right back area. The bullet remains lodged in Plaintiff's back to this day.

7. Plaintiff was wrongfully shot in the back by officer(s) of the Cleveland Police Department ("CPD"), on or about December 9, 2013, causing permanent physical and emotional injuries, which caused him great physical and emotional suffering, the consequential effects of this will cause him great physical and emotional harm into the future.

FIRST CLAIM FOR RELIEF
42 U.S.C. § 1983
POLICIES AND PROCEDURES

8. Plaintiff reincorporates all of the statements and allegations heretofore made as if expressly rewritten herein.

9. Defendants were responsible for implementation and execution of written policies, procedures, and/or guidelines regarding citizens fleeing capture, even in felony situations.

10. Despite the written policies mentioned in the prior paragraph, the City of Cleveland, and CPD personnel failed or refused to avoid situations in which perhaps innocent persons became involved in a police chase.

11. Despite written policies and procedures, commonly accepted standards, and actual or constructive notice that these policies were being routinely ignored, the City of Cleveland, and CPD and final policy makers provided grossly inadequate training and supervision of their

personnel and officers, to ensure compliance with such policies, guidelines and minimally accepted practices concerning such policies as the appropriate response to reports of a missing person, especially witness reports.

12. In furtherance of and or in addition to this custom, usage, and/or practice of failing to train and supervise, the City of Cleveland, and CPD and final policy makers failed to adequately investigate, discipline, or otherwise remediate officers or personnel who violated the City's own policies regarding the use of deadly force. In furtherance of and/or in addition to this custom, usage, and/or practice, the City of Cleveland, and CPD and final policy makers failed to adequately investigate, discipline, or otherwise remediate those involved and further condoned, acquiesced and ratified this misconduct.

13. The Defendants' had actual or constructive notice that these failings were not being properly investigated, disciplined, or the wrongdoing otherwise remediated, yet failed to take necessary steps to address these unconstitutional customs, usages, and/or practices.

14. The Defendants have been deliberately indifferent to the need for more or different training, rules and regulations, and supervision, despite the obvious risk that such deliberate lapses would lead to injury or death in the case of missing persons where time is of the essence.

15. In furtherance of these customs, usages, and/or practices of failing to adequately investigate missing persons, the Defendants have caused or encouraged their personnel to violate the rights of citizens like Demarkos Simmons.

16. The Defendants had actual and/or constructive knowledge, prior to and at the time of this incident, of the need for more or different training, rules, regulations, investigation and

discipline relating to personnel, and were deliberately indifferent to that need.

17. As a direct and proximate result of the Defendants' actions and omissions taken under color of state law, the Plaintiff was deprived of rights secured by the Fourteenth Amendment to the United States Constitution.

18. As a direct and proximate result of the Defendants' actions, Plaintiff suffered severe mental anguish and emotional distress, physical injuries, and pain and suffering,

SECOND CLAIM FOR RELIEF
42 U.S.C. § 1983
CODE OF SILENCE

19. Plaintiff reincorporates all of the statements and allegations heretofore made as if expressly rewritten herein.

20. The "code of silence" is so deeply ingrained in the Defendants so as to constitute the actual customs, usages, and/or practices, and policies of the Defendants and have caused personnel to believe that they can violate the rights of citizens with impunity, and that their fellow personnel would conceal such conduct.

21. The Defendants maintain an inadequate system of reviewing personnel who withhold knowledge or give false information regarding misconduct by fellow City of Cleveland employees. The failure to identify and track such employees, or to discipline, more closely supervise, or retrain such personnel who engage in a "code of silence," causes the personnel to believe that they can engage in misconduct, secure in the knowledge that their fellows will neither intervene, nor give evidence against them. These systemic deficiencies include, but are not limited to:

- a. Preparation of investigative reports designed to vindicate the conduct of City personnel, or to give false information about the

misconduct of other City personnel, or to provide cover for those who falsely deny knowledge about misconduct which they were in a position to observe;

b. Preparation of investigative reports that uncritically rely solely on the word of City employees and systematically fail to credit testimony of non-employee witnesses;

c. Preparation of investigative reports which omit or ignore factual information and physical evidence which contradict the accounts of City personnel;

d. Issuance of public statements exonerating City personnel involved in such incidents prior to the completion of investigation;

e. Failure to have meaningful review of investigative reports by responsible superior staff, for accuracy or completeness, including consideration of the conduct of personnel who were not actively engaged in the misconduct which was the subject of the investigation, and acceptance of conclusions which are not supported by the evidence or which flatly contradict such evidence and even the reports themselves;

f. Failure to identify potential violations and maintain accurate records of allegations of such misconduct;

g. Withholding of facts and evidence;

h. Repeated attempts to improperly and falsely demonize or even arrest victims in order to influence public opinion and justify the Defendants' actions.

22. As a result of conscious policy, the Defendants have empowered a state created danger and allowed the employment and retention of individuals who place the public or segments thereof at substantial risk of being victims. The Defendants had actual or constructive notice of the persistent and widespread practices of botching arrests, ignoring witnesses, and neglecting to conduct meaningful searches of crime, accident and other scenes.

23. The foregoing acts, omissions, and systemic deficiencies concerning training,

supervision, screening, hiring, investigation, and discipline, were done in a wanton, reckless, deliberately indifferent, or malicious manner and constitute deliberate indifference by the Defendants and were the moving force behind and directly and proximately caused the constitutional and civil rights violations suffered by the Plaintiff.

24. As a direct and proximate result of the Defendants' actions and omissions taken under color of state law, Plaintiff was deprived of rights secured by the Fourteenth Amendment to the United States Constitution.

25. As a direct and proximate result of the Defendants' actions, Plaintiff suffered severe mental anguish and emotional distress, physical injuries, pain and suffering.

THIRD CLAIM FOR RELIEF
42 U.S.C. § 1983
TRAINING AND SUPERVISION

26. Plaintiff reincorporates all of the statements and allegations heretofore made as if expressly rewritten herein.

27. At all times mentioned herein, Defendants employed personnel involved with respect to this Complaint.

28. During all times relevant hereto, such personnel acted under color and pretense of law, and under color of the statutes, ordinances, regulations, policies, practices, processes, customs, usages, and/or practices of the Defendants. Such personnel deprived Plaintiff of the rights, privileges, and immunities secured to them by the Fourth and Fourteenth Amendments to the United States Constitution and the laws of the United States.

29. As a direct and proximate result of the Defendants' actions and omissions taken under color of state law, Plaintiff was deprived of rights secured by the Fourteenth Amendment

to the United States Constitution.

30. As a direct and proximate result of the Defendants' actions, Plaintiff suffered severe mental anguish and emotional distress, physical injuries, and pain and suffering, and was wrongfully deprived of his life.

WHEREFORE, having fully pled, the Plaintiff Demarkos Simmons demands judgement against all of the Defendants, jointly and severally in an amount that exceeds \$25,000.00, punitive damages, reasonable attorneys fees, all costs herein and any other damages the Court deems just and equitable.

Respectfully submitted,

//s William A. Carlin

//s William P. Smith

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(216) 831-4935
(216)831-9526 (fax)
wcarlinesq@aol.com
attorneywilliamsmith@yahoo.com
Attorneys for Plaintiff

JURY DEMAND

Plaintiffs demand a trial before the maximum number of jurors permitted by law upon all issues so triable.

//s William A. Carlin

William A. Carlin, Esq.
Attorney for Plaintiff

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

The foregoing Complaint has been filed electronically with the Cuyahoga County Common Pleas Court on this 8th day of December, 2015. and copies of said Complaint shall be served on Defendants by the Cuyahoga County Clerk of Courts. Notice of this filing will be sent to the parties by operation of the Court's electronic filing system. Parties may access this filing through the Court's system.

/s/ William A. Carlin
William A. Carlin, Attorney for Plaintiff